拟豆蔻属——云南姜科—新属*

童绍全

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PARAMOMUM, A NEW GENUS OF ZINGIBERACEAE FROM YUNNAN

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关键词 拟豆蔻属;拟豆蔻 Key words Paramomum, P. petaloideum

拟豆蔻属 新属

Paramomum S.Q. Tong, gen. nov.

Genus stamine petaloideo, anthera medio filamentorum affixe, folis spiraliter dispositis Costo L. simile, sed vaginia ne clausa, labello cum stamine ad basim in tubum brevem haud juncto, glande epigyna differt.

Herba perennis, rhizomate repente producto. Caulis erectus base dilatus. Folia spiraliter disposita; lamina elliptica vel lanceolata; vagina ne clausa. Spica ovata; scapus e base rhizomatis oriens. Squamis vaginatis; bracteae imbricatae; bracteola tubiformis lateraliter dehiscens; calyx tubularis apice 3-dentatus; tubus corollae tubulosus apice 3-lobus; stamina petaloidea, antheris medio filamentorum affixis; labellum obovatum cum stamine base in tubum brevem haud junctum; sine staminodio laterale; glandes epigynae; ovarium 3-loculare, ovulis in quoque loculo multis; styli lineares; stigma infundibuliformis. Capsula semiglobosa calyce persistente coronata; semina nigra arillata.

Typus generis: Paramomum petaloideum S. Q. Tong Species unica in Yunnan provincia Sinae crescens.

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本属具花瓣状雄蕊,花药着生于花丝的中部,叶螺旋状排列,与闭鞘姜属 Costus L. 相近,但叶鞘不封闭,唇瓣与雄蕊基部绝不愈合成短管,具上位腺体可以区别。

多年生草本,根茎匍匐而延长。茎直立,基部膨大。叶螺旋状排列;叶片椭圆形或披针形;叶鞘不封闭。穗状花序卵形;花葶从根茎基部抽出,具鞘状鳞片,苞片覆瓦状排列;管状小苞片侧裂;花萼管状,顶端具3齿;花冠管顶端具3裂片;雄蕊花瓣状,花药着生于花丝的中部;唇瓣倒卵形,雄蕊基部不与唇瓣愈合成短管;无侧生退化雄蕊;子房3室,每室胚珠多数;有上位腺体;花柱线形;柱头漏斗状。蒴果半球状,冠以宿存的花萼;种子黑色,具假种皮。

属的模式种: 拟豆蔻。

1种,产云南南部。

拟豆蔻 新种 图 1

Paramomum petaloideum S. Q. Tong, sp. nov.

Caulis 1-1.5 m altus, 0.5-1.5 cm diam. base vaginis coccineis vestitus. Folia spiraliter disposita; lamina elliptica vel lanceolata, apice breviter acuminata vel acuminata base cuneata vel anguste cuneata, subtus purpureo-rubra vel viridula supra omino viridis, 40-57 cm longa, 9-14 cm lata; petiolus subrotundatus recavus glaber, 2-9 cm longus; vagina scabrosa glabra striis longitudinalibus conspicue parata. Spica ovata 1-3 e rhizomate oriens, 4-5 cm longa, 3-4 cm lata; pedunculus squamis vaginatis coccineis margine flavo-viridibus, 5-6 cm longus; bracteae ovato-rutundatae imbricatae utraque glabrae, supra brunneolae margine tenuiter flavo-virides, intus brunneolo-striatae, 3.4-3.6 cm longae, 3-3.2 cm latae; bracteola tubulosa ad medium lateraliter dehiscens, 2-2.3 cm longa; calyx tubulosus ad medium dehiscens, c. 2.2 cm longus, apice inaequaliter 3-rubridenticulatus; tubus corollae tubum calycis aequans, fauce rubra pilis albo-pubescentibus dense obsita, lobis equalibus apice unguculatis, dorsalis anguste ellipticis, 1.4-1.5 cm longis, 0.5-0.8 cm latis, lateralis anguste lanceolatis 0.4-0.5 cm latis; bracteola calyx et lobus corollae albus pubibus albis laxe obsitus; labellum obovatum glabrum apice flavo-trian-Zulatum base impresso-triangulum margine crispatum; filamentum petaloide glabra apice acuminatum, super aurantiacum medio coccineum subter dilute rubrum; thecas in medianoaffixas; labellum cum stamen base in tubum brevem haud junctum; sine staminodio laterale; ovarium glabrum dilute rubrum 3-loculare, ovulis in quoque loculo multis; stylus linearis albus; stigma infundibuliformis aurantica; glandes epigynae clavata. Capsula semiglobosa rubra ad maturationem, angulis longi-tudinalibus in alas prolongatis, 1.9-2 cm diam., calyce pubibus brunneolis persistente coronata; semina nigra, arillis albis.

Yunnan australis, Mengla Xian, Meng-lun, alt. 620 m, in sylivis paesentim prope rivulos in locis humidis, 10 Jun. 1981, S. Q. Tong 24801 (Holo-

typus, YNTBI), ibid. loc., S.Q. Tong 24815.

茎高 1 —1.5米, 直径0.5—1.5厘米, 基部被鲜红色的叶鞘。叶螺 旋状 排列, 叶片椭圆形或披针形, 顶端短渐尖或渐尖, 基部楔形或狭楔形, 背面紫红色或绿色, 表面完

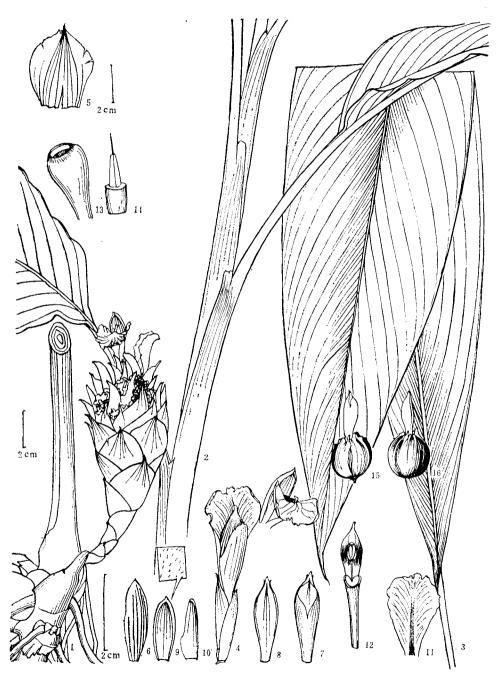


图1. 拟豆蔻 Paramomum petaloideum S.Q. Tong 1.具有根茎和花序的叶茎基部; 2.示叶的排列; 3.叶; 4.花; 5.苞片; 6.小苞片; 7一8. 花萼的正面与背面; 9一10.示花冠的背裂片与侧裂片; 11.唇瓣; 12. 雄蕊与花冠管; 13.柱头; 14.上位腺体与子房; 15.蒴果的正面与背面。(刘枫绘)

全绿色,长40—57厘米,宽9—14厘米;叶柄近圆形,内凹,无毛,长2—9厘米;叶鞘粗糙无毛,具明显的纵条纹。穗状花序卵形,从根茎基部抽出1—3枚,长4—5厘米,宽3—4厘米;总花梗具有鲜红色的鞘状鳞片,边缘黄绿色,长5—6厘米;苞片卵圆形,覆瓦状排列,两面无毛,表面褐色,边缘薄,黄绿色,内面具淡褐色的条纹,长3.4—3.6厘米,宽3—3.2厘米;管状小苞片侧裂达基部,长2—2.3厘米;萼管侧裂达中部,长2.2厘米,顶端具不等地3红色小齿;花冠管等长于萼管,喉部红色,密被白色短裂片,狭椭圆形,长1.4—1.5厘米,宽0.5—0.8厘米,侧裂片狭披针形,宽0.4—0.5厘米;小苞片、花萼和花冠裂片被稀疏的白色柔毛;唇瓣倒卵形,无毛,顶端具黄色三角形,基部凹三角形,边缘皱折;瓣状雄蕊无毛,顶端新尖,上部橙黄色,中部鲜红色,下部淡红色;药室着生于中央;唇瓣与雄蕊在基部绝不愈合成短管;无侧生退化雄蕊;子房无毛,淡红色,3室,每室具胚珠多数;花柱线形,白色;柱头漏斗状,橙黄色;上位腺体棒状,蒴果半球状,成熟时红色,纵棱在顶端延长成翅,直径1.9—2厘米,顶端冠以宿存的具淡褐色柔毛的花萼;种子黑色,具白色假种皮。

云南南部, 勐腊县, 勐仑, 海拔620米, 林内, 尤其在溪旁潮湿的地方, 1981年7月10日, 童绍全24801(模式标本存中国科学院云南热带植物研究所标本室), 同地, 童绍全24815。